The 5½-digit Model 6487 Picoammeter/Voltage Source improves on the measurement capability of the award-winning Model 6485, and adds a high resolution 500V source. It provides higher accuracy and faster rise times than the 6485, as well as a damping function for use with capacitive devices. With eight current measurement ranges and high speed autoranging, this cost-effective instrument can measure currents from 20fA to 20mA, take measurements at speeds up to 1000 readings per second, and source voltage from 200μV to 505V.

The Model 6487’s 10fA resolution, superior sensitivity, voltage sweeping, and Alternating Voltage resistance measurements make it well suited for characterizing low current devices. Using the latest current measurement technology, it is significantly less expensive than other instruments that perform similar functions, such as optical power meters, tera-ohmmeters, competitive picoammeters, or user-designed solutions. With a price that’s comparable to a high-end DMM, the Model 6487 makes picoamp-level measurements affordable for virtually any laboratory or production floor.

**Low Voltage Burden and Higher Accuracy**

While DMMs typically employ shunt ammeter circuitry to measure current, the Model 6487 is a feedback picoammeter. This design reduces voltage burden by several orders of magnitude, resulting in a voltage burden of less than 200µV on the lower measurement ranges. The low voltage burden makes the Model 6487 function much more like an ideal ammeter than a DMM, so it can make current measurements with high accuracy, even in circuits with very low source voltages.

**Successor to the Model 487**

The Model 6487 builds on the strengths of one of Keithley’s most popular picoammeters, the Model 487, offering an additional 20mA measurement range, as well as much higher measurement speeds, up to 1000 readings per second. It simplifies device characterization with built-in voltage sweeping capability and the Alternating Voltage method for high resistances. A time-stamped 3000-reading data buffer provides minimum, maximum, and standard deviation statistics. A built-in emulation mode makes it possible to control the Model 6487 with any custom code written to control the Model 487.

**Features that Expand Test and Measurement Flexibility**

- **Direct resistance measurements.** Optimized for resistances from 50Ω to 5×10¹⁰Ω using the Source Voltage/Measure Current method.

- **Alternating Voltage method resistance measurements.** This method improves resistance measurements on devices with high background current or high noise. It extends the measurable resistance range up to 10¹⁶Ω.

- **500V overload protection.** This high overload protection and a robust design let the Model 6487 tolerate abusive overflows, including accidentally shorting the voltage source directly into the ammeter.

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**6487 Picoammeter/Voltage Source**

- 10fA resolution
- 5½-digit resolution
- <200µV burden voltage
- Alternating Voltage method ohms measurements
- Automated voltage sweeps for I-V characterization
- Floating measurements up to 500V
- Up to 1000 readings/second
- Built-in Model 486 and 487 emulation mode
- IEEE-488 and RS-232 interfaces
- Analog output
- Digital I/O

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**Table Comparison: Model 487 vs. Model 6487**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Model 487</th>
<th>Model 6487</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current Ranges</td>
<td>2 nA–2 mA</td>
<td>2 nA–20 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage Burden</td>
<td>200 µV</td>
<td>200 µV (1 mV on 20 mA range)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading Rate</td>
<td>Up to 180/s</td>
<td>Up to 1000/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage Sweeps</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternating Voltage</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ohms</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analog Output</td>
<td>Yes (non-inverting)</td>
<td>Yes (inverting)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage Buffer</td>
<td>512 points</td>
<td>3000 points</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best V Source Resolution</td>
<td>1 mV</td>
<td>0.2 mV</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Picoammeter/Voltage Source

- **Rear panel triax input.** This allows the picoammeter to be used in floating operation, up to 500V. When not floating, the addition of a triax to BNC adapter allows inexpensive, easy-to-use BNC cables to be employed, rather than more expensive triaxial cables.

- **RS-232 and IEEE-488 interfaces.** These interfaces make it easy to integrate the Model 6487 into automated test and measurement systems.

- **Scaled voltage analog output.** This output allows the Model 6487 to transmit measurement results to devices like DMMs, data acquisition cards, oscilloscopes, or strip chart recorders.

- **Built-in Trigger Link interface.** The Trigger Link interface simplifies synchronizing the Model 6487 with other instruments and voltage sources. This interface combines six independent selectable trigger lines on a single connector for simple, direct control over all instruments in a system.

- **Display on/off switch.** For research on light-sensitive components, such as measuring the dark currents of photodiodes or I-V measurements on unpackaged semiconductors, the front panel display can be switched off to avoid introducing light that could significantly reduce the accuracy of the results.

- **One-touch front panel design.** Functions can be configured easily with the push of a button, without complicated function menus.

**A Broad Range of Low Current Applications**

**Wafer-Level Photodiode Testing**

The Model 6487 Picoammeter/Voltage Source can be paired with a calibrated light source and a probing fixture to create a cost-effective photodiode test system. Multiple Model 6487s can be connected to the DUT’s probe pads to provide photocurrent readings or, with the addition of a switch matrix, one picoammeter can take current measurements from multiple pads. In the first step of the measurement process, performed in total darkness, the Model 6487 produces a voltage sweep and then measures the resulting dark current. In the second step, a voltage bias is applied and the resulting photocurrent is measured while the light level is increased in calibrated steps. The same basic test configuration can be used for testing positive intrinsic negative (PIN) and avalanche photodiodes (APDs). The 6487’s high resolution on the 10V source range provides superior sweeping and biasing when small biases are required. The 500V source capability is necessary to bias APDs.
When do you need a picoammeter?
Measuring low DC currents often demands a lot more than a digital multimeter can deliver. Generally, DMMs lack the sensitivity required to measure currents less than 100nA. Even at higher currents, a DMM's input voltage drop (voltage burden) of hundreds of millivolts can make accurate current measurements impossible. Electrometers can measure low currents very accurately, but the circuitry needed to measure extremely low currents, combined with functions like voltage, resistance, and charge measurement, can increase an electrometer's cost significantly. The Model 6487 Picoammeter/Voltage Source combines the economy and ease of use of a DMM with low current sensitivity near that of an electrometer.

Monitoring and Control of Focused Ion Beam Currents
In semiconductor fabrication, focused ion beam systems are often used for nanometer-scale imaging, micromachining, and mapping. Careful monitoring of the magnitude of the beam current with an ion detector is critical. The ion detector generates a secondary current that's proportional to the current of the primary ion beam. When this secondary current is measured, it can be used to control the intensity of the primary beam. However, this secondary current is very low, often just a few picoamps, so the instrumentation measuring it must provide high measurement accuracy and repeatability, as well as sub-picoamp resolution. The Model 6487's wide measurement range and 5½-digit resolution make it ideal for this application. Signal connections to the Model 6487 are made through the instrument's triax connector. Often, a detector may require high voltage to attract ions, making the 6487's 500V source a necessity.

High Resistance Measurements
The Model 6487 Picoammeter can be used to measure high resistances (>1GΩ) in applications such as insulation resistance testing. A constant voltage is placed in series with the unknown resistance and the picoammeter. The voltage drop across the picoammeter is negligible, so all the voltage appears across the unknown resistance. The resulting current is measured by the picoammeter and the resistance is calculated using Ohm's Law (R = VI). To prevent generated current due to electrostatic interference, the unknown resistance is housed in a shielded test fixture. A small series resistor may be added to reduce noise if the unknown resistor has high stray capacitance across it.

ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CABLES</th>
<th>TEST FIXTURES</th>
<th>RACK MOUNT KITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6517-1LC-3</td>
<td>8009 Resistivity Test Fixture</td>
<td>4288-* Single or Dual Fixed Rack Mounting Kit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7007-1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7007-2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7007-3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7078-TRX-10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7078-TRX-20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8501-*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>257-TRX-BAR</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7078-TRX-BNC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ADAPTERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE</th>
<th>SERVICES AVAILABLE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>257-TRX-BAR</td>
<td>6487-3Y-EW 1-year factory warranty extended to 3 years from date of shipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7078-TRX-BNC</td>
<td>C/6487-3Y-ISO 3 (ISO-17025 accredited) calibrations within 3 years of purchase*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8501-*</td>
<td>*Not available in all countries</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* A Greater Measure of Confidence
A Tektronix Company
Model 6487 specifications

**TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT:** 0°F–18°C & 28°F–50°C. For each °F, add 0.1 x (°F rdg. + offset) to accuracy spec.

**INPUT VOLTAGE BURDEN:** <200µV on all ranges except <1mV on 20mA range.

**MAXIMUM INPUT CAPACITANCE:** Stable to 10nF on all mA ranges and 2μF range; 1μF on 20µA and 200µA ranges, and on mA ranges.

**MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS INPUT VOLTAGE:** 505 VDC.

**NMRR:** (50 or 60Hz): 60dB

**ISOLATION (Ammeter Common or Voltage Source to chassis):** Typically >1x10¹²Ω in parallel with <1nF

**MAXIMUM COMMON MODE VOLTAGE (between chassis and voltage source or ammeter):** 505 VDC.

**ANALOG OUTPUT:** Scaled voltage output (inverting 2V full scale on all ranges) 2.5% ±2mV.

**ANALOG OUTPUT IMPEDANCE:** <100Ω, DC–2kHz.

**VOLTAGE SOURCE:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range (Max.)</th>
<th>Step Size (typical)</th>
<th>Accuracy (p-p)</th>
<th>Temperature Coefficient</th>
<th>Typical Rise Time 0–90%</th>
<th>Typical Fall Time 90%–10%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>±10 µA</td>
<td>200 µV</td>
<td>0.1 % ± 1 mV</td>
<td>-50 µV (0.005% + 20 µV/°C)</td>
<td>250 µs</td>
<td>150 µs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>±500 µA</td>
<td>1 mV</td>
<td>0.1 % ± 4 mV</td>
<td>-150 µV (0.008% + 20 mV/°C)</td>
<td>250 µs</td>
<td>300 µs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>±5005 µA</td>
<td>10 mV</td>
<td>0.15% ± 40 mV</td>
<td>-1.5 mV (0.008% + 2 mV/°C)</td>
<td>45 ms</td>
<td>1 ms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SELECTABLE CURRENT LIMIT:** 2.5mA, 250µA, 25µA for 50V and 500V ranges, 25mA additional limit for 10V range. All current limits are ~20%–35% of nominal.

**WIDEBAND NOISE:** <50mVp-p 0.1Hz–20MHz

**TYPICAL TIME STABILITY:** ±(0.003% + 1mV) over 24 hours at constant temperature (within 1°C, between 18°C–28°C, after 5 minute settling).

**OUTPUT RESISTANCE:** <2Ω

**VOLTAGE SWEEPS:** Supports linear voltage sweeps on fixed source range, one current or resistance measurement per step. Maximum sweep rate: 2000 steps per second. Maximum sweep 10000 steps. Optional delay between step and measure.

**RESISTANCE MEASUREMENT (7/11):** Used with voltage source; resistance calculated from voltage setting and measured current. Accuracy is based on voltage source accuracy plus ammeter accuracy. Typical accuracy better than 0.6% for readings between 1kΩ and 1TΩ.

**ALTERNATING VOLTAGE RESISTANCE MEASUREMENT:** Offers alternating voltage resistance measurements for resistances from 10Ω to 10Ω2. Alternates between 0V and user-selectable voltage up to ±50V.

**NOTES:**
1. At 1 PLC – limited to 60 edges under this condition.
2. At 6 PLC: 3 standard deviation, 300 readings, filter off, capped input – limited to 10 edges/sec under this condition.
3. Measured at analog output with resistive load >2kΩ.
4. Maximum rise time can be up to 25% greater.
5. Accuracy does not include output resistance/load regulation.
6. Rise Time is from 0% to ±50% of full-scale voltage (increasing magnitude).
7. Fall Time is from ±50% of full-scale voltage to 0V (decreasing magnitude).
8. For capacitive loads, add 12µF/lim to rise time, and 0.12µF/lim to fall time.
9. Measured with LO connected to chassis ground.

**IEEE-488 BUS IMPLEMENTATION:** SCPI (IEEE-488.2, SCPI-1996.0), DDC (IEEE-488.2).

**LANGUAGE EMULATION:** Keithley Model 486/487 emulation via DDC mode.

**IEEE-488 BUS IMPLEMENTATION:**
- **LANGUAGE EMULATION:** Keithley Model 486/487 emulation via DDC mode.
- **RS-232 IMPLEMENTATION:** Supports: SCPI 1990.0.
- **Band Rates:** 50, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19.2k, 38.4k, 57.6k.
- **Protocols:** Xon/Xoff, 7 or 8 bit ASCII, parity-odd/even/none.
- **Connector:** DB-9 TXD/RXD/GND.

**AMMETER INPUT CONNECTOR:** Three lug triaxial on rear panel.

**ANALOG OUTPUT CONNECTOR:** Two banana jacks on rear panel.

**VOLTAGE SOURCE OUTPUT CONNECTOR:** Two banana jacks on rear panel.

**INTERLOCK CONNECTOR:** 4 pin DIN

**TRIGGER LINE:** Available, see manual for usage.

**DISPLAY:** 12 character vacuum fluorescent.

**DIGITAL FILTER:** Median and averaging (selectable from 2 to 100 readings).

**RANGING:** Automatic or manual.

**AUTORANGING TIME:** <250ms (analog filter off, 1PLC).

**OVERRANGE INDICATION:** Displays reads “OVERFLOW.”

**CONVERSION TIME:** Selectable 0.01PLC to 60PLC. (50PLC under 50Hz operation). (Adjustable from 200µs to 1s)

**READING RATE:**
- To internal buffer >100 readings/second
- To IEEE-488 bus >900 readings/second

**BUFFER:** Stores up to 3000 readings.

**PROGRAMS:** Provide front panel access to IEEE address, choice of engineering units or scientific notation, and digital calibration.


**SAFETY:** Conforms with European Union Directive 73/23/EEC, EN61010-1, CAT I.

**ENVIRONMENT:**
- Operating: 0°C–50°C, relative humidity 70% non-condensing, up to 35°C. Above 35°C, derate humidity by 3% for each °C.
- Storage: –10°C to +65°C.
- WARM-UP: 1 hour to rated accuracy (see manual for recommended procedure).

**POWER:** 100–120V or 220–240V, 50–60Hz, (50VA).

**PHYSICAL:**
- Case Dimensions: 90mm high × 214mm wide × 569mm deep (3½ in. × 8½ in. × 14½ in.).
- Working Dimensions: From front of case to rear including power cord and IEEE-488 connector: 39mm (15.5 inches).

**NET WEIGHT:** <4.7 kg (<10.3 lbs).

**NOTES:**
1. 0.01PLC, digital filters off, front panel off, auto zero off.
3. Measured from trigger in to meter complete.

**LOW LEVEL MEASURE & SOURCE**

**Picoammeter/Voltage Source**

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